## Workshop Smart Inspectors

October 25<sup>th</sup>, 2013 Wageningen



# Operational Aspects of Flying with RPAS

Rob van Heeswijk – RPAS pilot



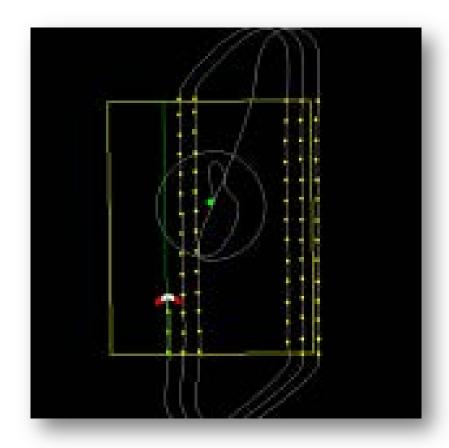


#### Outline

- Flight planning
  - o desk phase
  - o field phase
- Flight execution
- Rules and regulations



## Flight planning



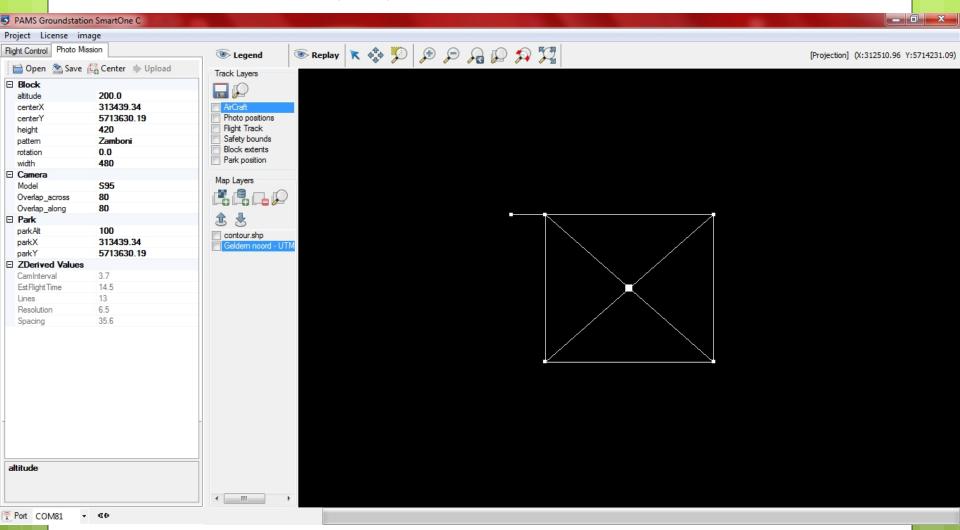


field phase



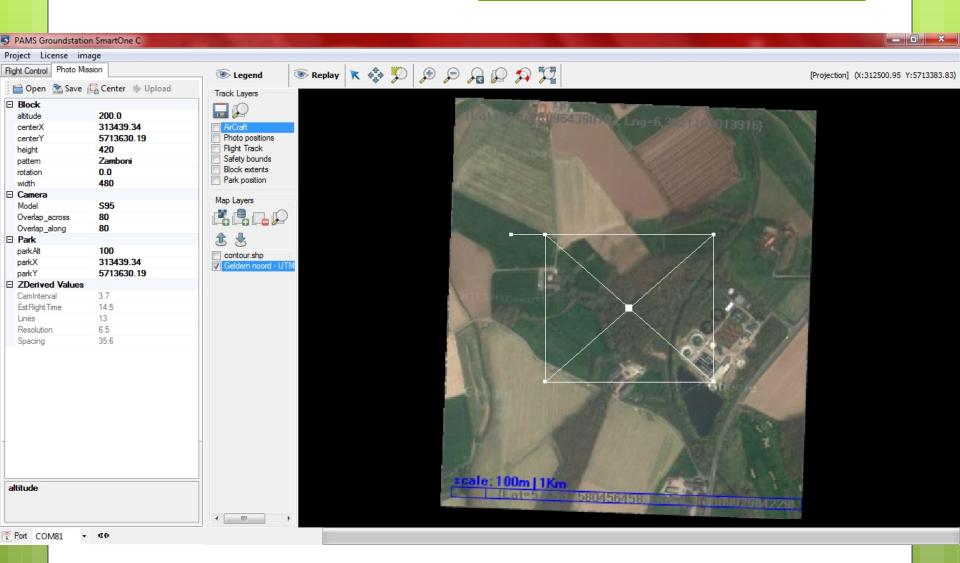


#### Ground Control Station (GCS)



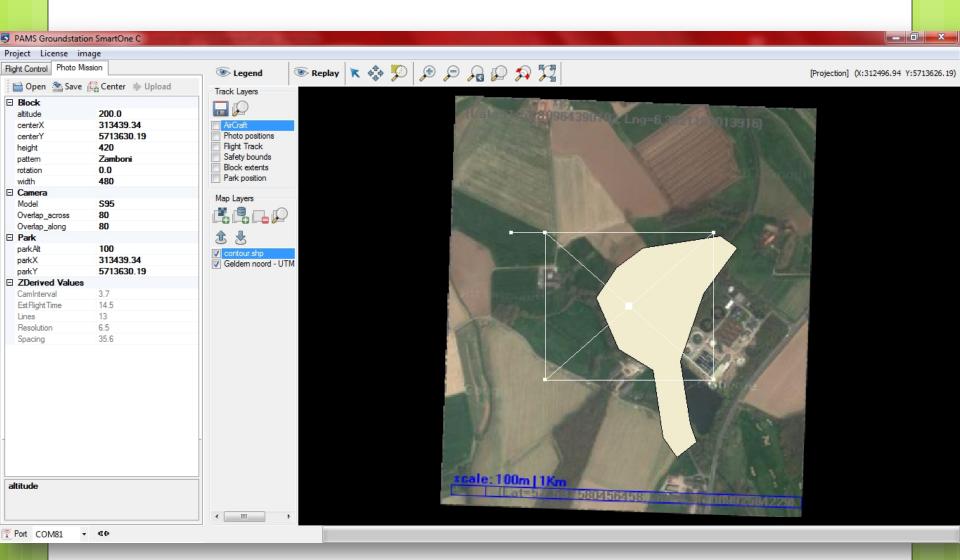
GeoSkyHawk's software tool for flight planning: GCS.





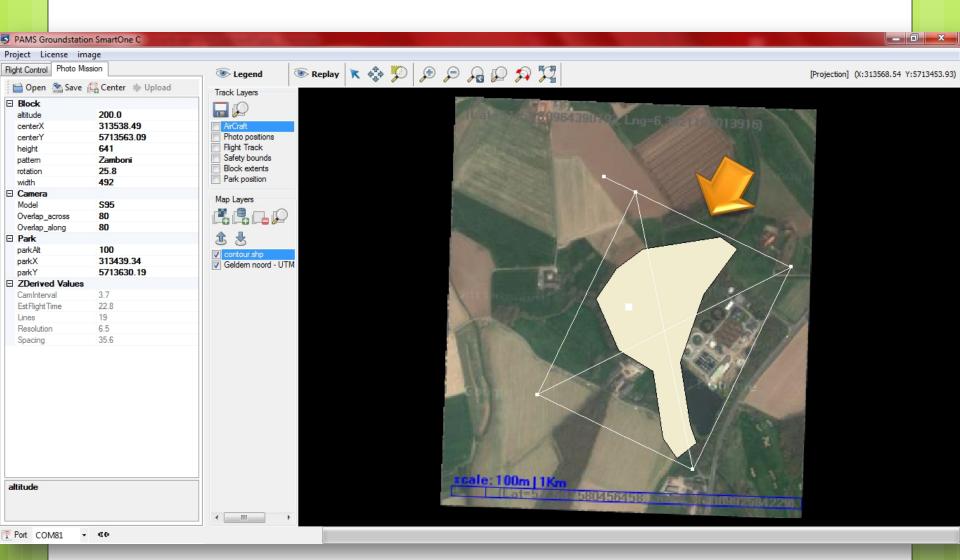
Background map containing the area of interest imported in GCS.





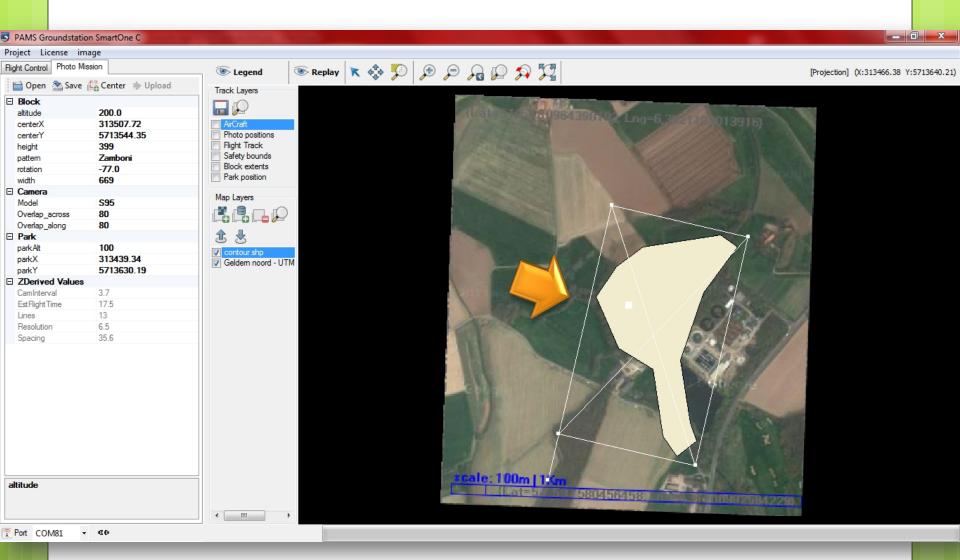
Explicit designation of the area of interest: clearness for all...





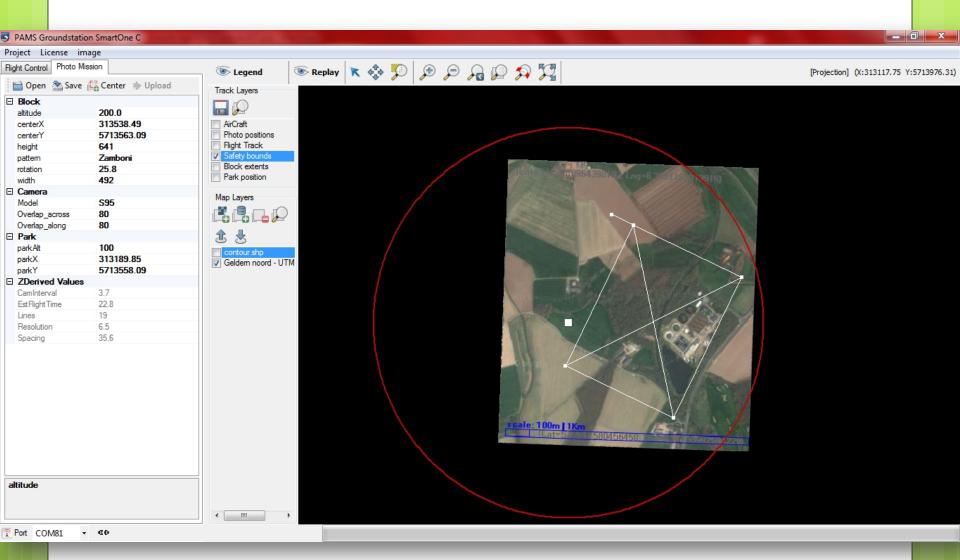
Prepare a flight plan for the predominant wind direction





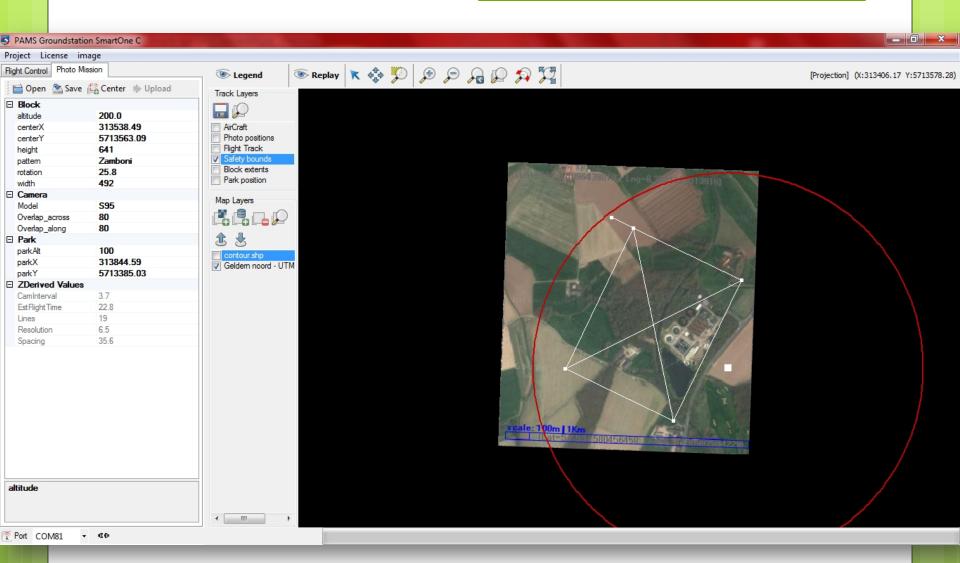
And make a backup plan for other wind directions...





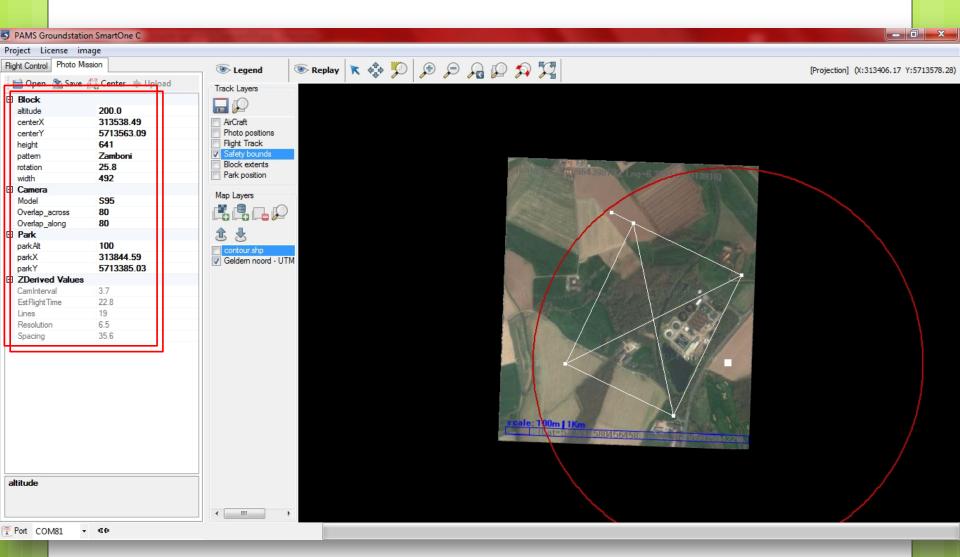
Select a preferred set-up location.





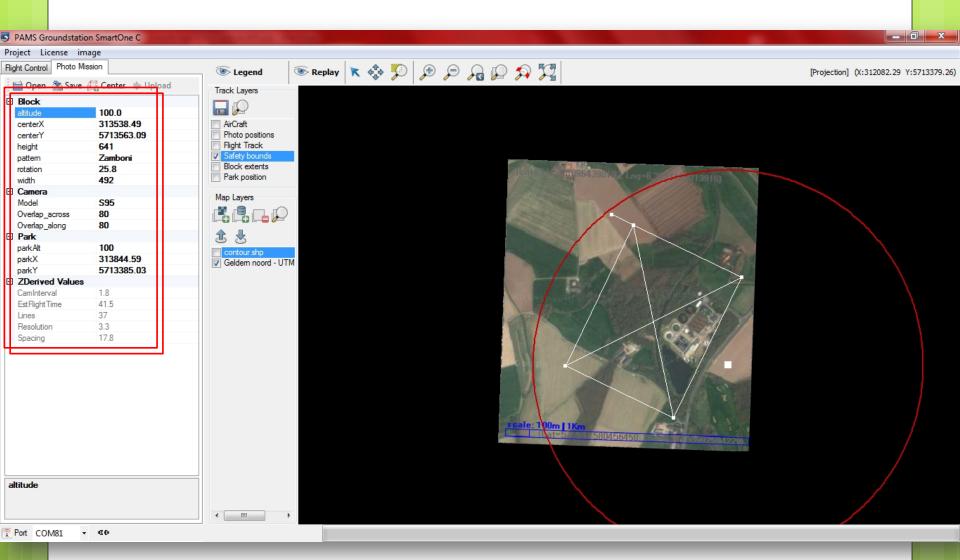
And designate a number of alternatives..





Optimize flight parameters.





Optimize flight parameters.



## Special objects

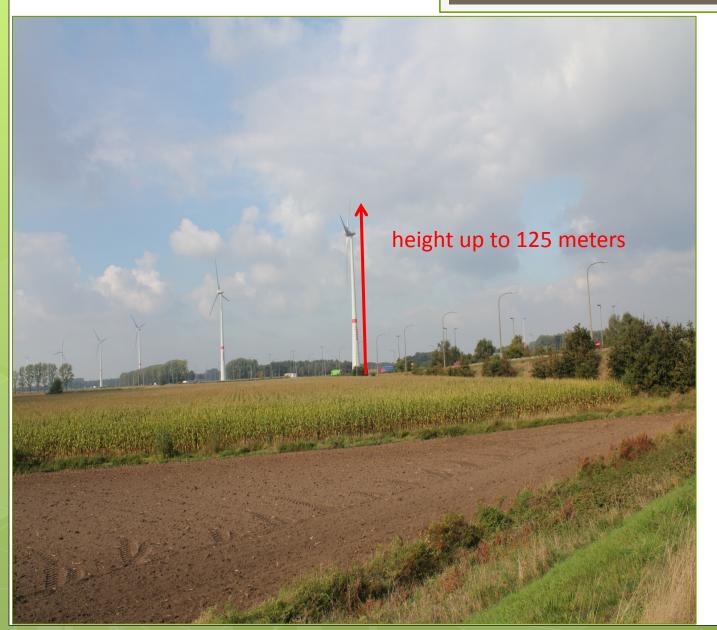
- Windmills
- Pylons
- Transmission towers















#### high voltage network





#### Transmission towers

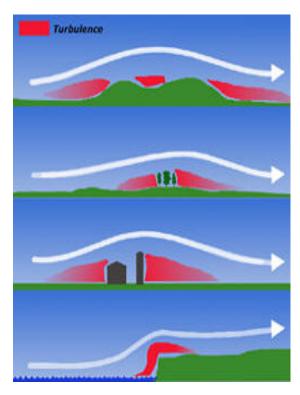






#### Turbulence

- Windmils
- Trees
- Buildings
- Transmission masts
- Pylons



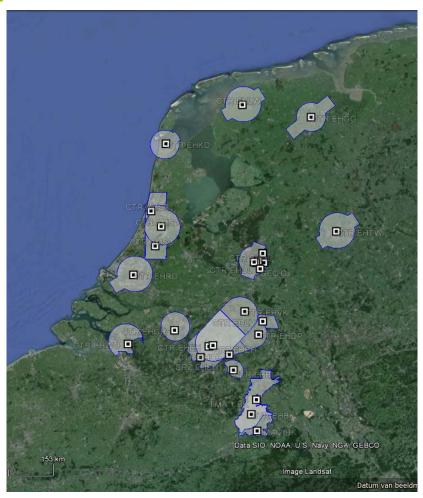
the affected length is up to 7 times the height of the obstacle







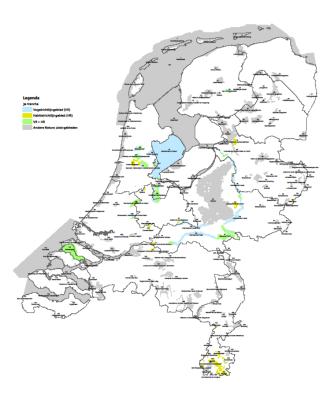
#### Special interest areas



**Controlled Airspace** 



## Special interest areas



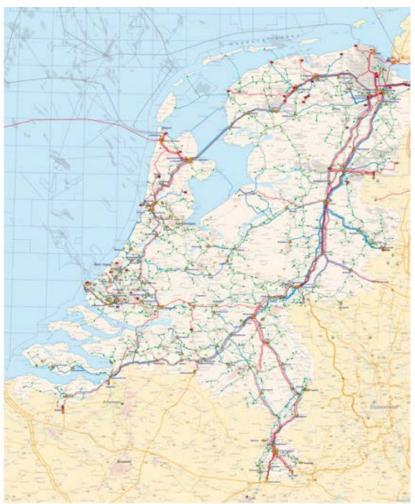
Natura 2000 areas







#### Special interest areas



Gas Pipeline Network







#### **TAF**

- Terminal Aerodrome Forecast
- ZCZC FT220555 EHEH EINDHOVEN/EINDHOVEN
   NLD 22 m. TAF EHEH 220545Z 2206/2312 15005KT
   CAVOK BECMG 2208/2211 17012KT TEMPO
   2219/2222 22020G35KT SCT060CB PROB40
   TEMPO 2219/2222 VRB30G45KT 3000 TSRA
   SCT012 BKN040CB BECMG 2309/2312 22015KT=



#### **METAR**

- METeorological Aerodrome Report
- ZCZC SA221055 EHDL ARNHEM/DEELEN NLD 48 m. METAR EHDL 221055Z AUTO 16012KT 9999 NCD 20/15 Q1005 BLU=

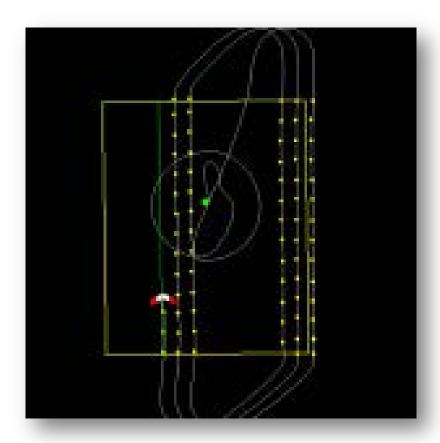


#### **NOTAM**

- NOTice to AirMen
- M1462/13 PJE WILL TAKE PLACE AT TEXEL PSN 5306N00450E.
   GND FL160, 26 OCT 07:00 2013 UNTIL 26 OCT 16:45 2013. CREATED: 16 SEP 10:52 2013



## Flight planning





field phase



desk phase



## Field phase planning

- Survey area of interest
- Verify desk phase preparations
- Select final set-up point
- Assemble plane (pilot)
- Assemble GCS (observer)
- Pre-flight checks



#### Launch





## During the flight

- Pilot tracks the airplane and keeps the manual control unit stand-by at all times
- Observer monitors GCS + airspace and keeps the emergency flight abort button stand-by at all times
- Intensive information exchange between pilot and observer



### Information exchange

Pilot



Observer

- Information:
  - Battery voltage airplane
  - Battery voltage control unit
  - Flight plan execution (complete flight plan, pictures, RPAS speed, wind speed)
  - Flight level
  - Tracks and turns
  - Number of tracks
  - Observations of airspace



#### Special events

- Helicopter Emergency
   Medical Service (HEMS)
- Pipeline Monitoring Flights
- Police Flights
- Military Flights
- Hot Air Balloons
- Parachutes
- Gliders / Deltawings
- Other RPAS operations













## Landing





#### Rules and regulations

- Starting July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2013 all RPAS flights in Dutch airspace are prohibited...
- unless...
- the pilot sucessfully completes a certified "How to safely operate RPAS" course and
- the organisation has and acts according to an "Operational RPAS handbook"





## Class 1 operations (1)

- Uncontrolled airspace only
- Flight performance by two persons (pilot and observer)
- Work with checklist for flight planning and aircraft preparation
- Maximum start weight: 150 kg
- Max altitude: 120 meters



## Class 1 operations (2)

- Within Visual Line of Sight (VLOS): operations
   within 500 meters from Ground Control Station
- In daylight period (Visual Flight Rules; VFR)
- Visual Meteorological Conditions (VMC)
- At least 150 meters away from crowd and buildings



## Class 1 operations (3)

- Maximum speed: 129 km/h
- Knowledge level: PPL (Private Pilot License)
- Logbook required for every flight
- The basic principle is uncontrolled airspace, but arrangements are possible for flights within controlled airspace (around airfields)



#### Additional requirements



#### Designed for using RPAS

- directly above people and buildings
- o higher than 120 meters
- o in the dark (Instrument Flight Rules; IFR) or
- beyond Visual Line of Sight



#### Additional requirements



## Class 2 operations (2)

- The type RPAS is equipped with a type certificate (based on internationally accepted airworthiness requirements),
- The RPAS designer is qualified
- The RPAS system is built by a qualified builder
- The RPAS system is maintained by a qualified organization



#### Additional requirements



 Incidental Class 2 permission is only possible with great social importance in combination with acceptable risks.



# Succesful RPAS operations impossible?

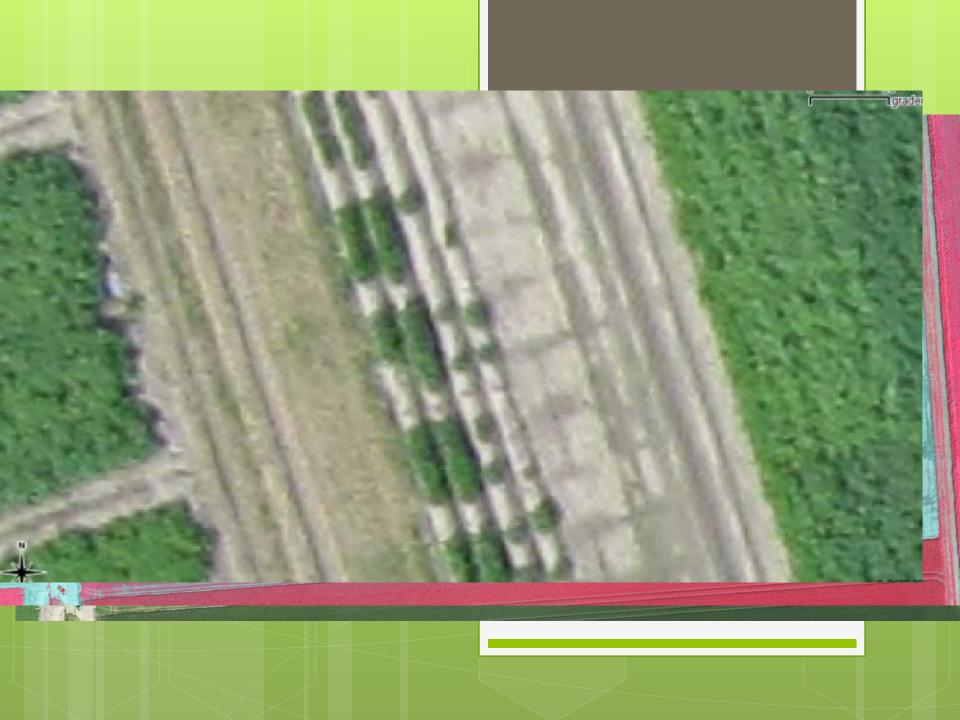
NO!







170.000 m<sup>3</sup>



www.vb-ecoflight.nl info@vb-ecoflight.nl



Thank you for your attention







## What do you need to fly with an light UAS in Amsterdam FIR (Flight Information Region)

- Flight crew license (per type)
- Medical Certificate
- Certificate of registration
- The certificate of airworthiness
- A permit from the owner of the place
- A permission of the "Provincie" (TUG)